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TEXTILE ENGINEERING & FIBRE SCIENCE

Subject Code: TF Course Structure

Sections/Units	Topics
Section A	Engineering Mathematics
Unit 1	Linear Algebra
Unit 2	Calculus
Unit 3	Vector Calculus
Unit 4	Differential Equations
Unit 5	Probability and Statistics
Unit 6	Numerical Methods
Section B	Textile Fibers
Section C	Yarn manufacture, Yarn structure and Properties
Section D	Fabric manufacture, Structure and Properties
Section E	Textile Testing
Section F	Chemical processing

Course Syllabus

Section A: Engineering Mathematics

Unit 1: Linear Algebra

- Matrices and Determinants
- > Systems of linear equations
- > Eigen values
- > Eigen vectors



Unit 2: Calculus

- > Limit, continuity and differentiability
- Partial Derivatives
- Maxima and minima
- Sequences and series
- > Test for convergence
- > Fourier series

Unit 3: Vector Calculus

- Gradient
- Divergence and Curl
- Line
- > Surface and volume integrals
- Stokes, Gauss and Green's theorems

Unit 4: Differential Equations

- ➤ Linear and non-linear first order ODEs
- > Higher order linear ODEs with constant coefficients
- Cauchy's and Euler's equations
- Laplace transforms
- PDEs -Laplace, heat and wave equations

Unit 5: Probability and Statistics

- Mean, median, mode and standard deviation
- Random variables
- Poisson, normal and binomial distributions; Correlation and regression analysis

Unit 6: Numerical Methods

- Solutions of linear and non-linear algebraic equations
- Integration of trapezoidal and Simpson's rule
- Single and multi-step methods for differential equations



Section B: Textile Fibers

- Classification of textile fibers
- Essential requirements of fiber forming polymers
- Gross and fine structure of natural fibers like cotton, wool, silk, Introduction to important bast fibres
- Properties and uses of natural and man- made fibres including carbon, aramid and ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) fibers
- Physical and chemical methods of fiber and blend identification and blend analysis
- Molecular architecture, amorphous and crystalline phases, glass transition, plasticization, crystallization, melting, factors affecting Tg and Tm
- Production process of viscose and other regenerated cellulosic fibres such as polynosic, lyocell
- ➤ Polymerization of nylon-6, nylon-66, poly (ethylene terephthalate), polyacrylonitrile and polypropylene
- > Melt Spinning processes for PET, polyamide and polypropylene
- > Wet and dry spinning processes for viscose and acrylic fibres
- Post spinning operations such as drawing, heat setting, tow- to-top conversion and different texturing methods
- Methods of investigating fibre structure e.g., Density, X-ray diffraction, birefringence, optical and electron microscopy, I.R. spectroscopy, thermal methods (DSC, DMA/TMA, TGA)
- Structure and morphology of man-made fibres, mechanical properties of fibres, moisture sorption in fibres
- > Fibre structure and property correlation

Section C: Yarn manufacture, Yarn structure and Properties

- Principles of opening, cleaning and mixing/blending of fibrous materials, working principle of modern opening and cleaning equipment
- The technology of carding, carding of cotton and synthetic fibres
- > Drafting operation, roller and apron drafting principle, causes of mass irregularity introduced by drafting
- Roller arrangements in drafting systems
- Principles of cotton combing, combing cycle, mechanism and function, combing efficiency, lap preparation
- Recent developments in comber
- > Roving production, mechanism of bobbin building, roving twist
- Principle of ring spinning, forces acting on yarn and traveler, ring & traveler designs, mechanism of cop formation, causes of end breakages
- > Working principle of ring doubler and two for one twister, single and folded yarn twist, properties of double yarns, production of core spun yarn



- Principles of compact, rotor, air jet, air vortex, core, wrap, twist less and friction spinning
- > Yarn contraction, yarn diameter, specific volume & packing coefficient
- Twist factor, twist strength relationship in spun yarns
- > Fibre configuration and orientation in yarn
- > Cause of fibre migration and its estimation
- > Irregularity index
- Structure property relationship of compact ring, rotor, air-jet and friction spun yarns

Section D: Fabric manufacture, Structure and Properties

- Principles of winding processes and machines, random, precision and step precision winding, package faults and their remedies
- > Yarn clearers and tensioners
- Different systems of yarn splicing
- > Features of modern cone winding machines
- Different types of warping creels
- features of modern beam and sectional warping machines
- > Different sizing systems, sizing of spun and filament yarns, sizing machines
- Principles of Pirn Winding processes and machines
- Primary and secondary motions of loom, cam design & kinematics of sley, effect of their settings and timings on fabric formation, fabric appearance and weaving performance; Dobby and jacquard shedding
- > Mechanics of weft insertion with shuttle, warp and weft stop motions, warp protection, weft replenishment
- > Principles of weft insertion systems of shuttle-less weaving machines
- Principles of multiphase and circular looms
- Principles of weft and warp knitting, basic weft and warp knitted structures
- Classification, production, properties and application of nonwoven fabrics, principle of web formation & bonding
- > Basic woven fabric constructions and their derivatives
- > crepe, cord, terry, gauze, leno and double cloth constructions
- Peirce's equations for fabric geometry
- > Elastica model of plain woven fabrics
- Thickness, cover and maximum set of woven fabrics

Section E: Textile Testing

- Sampling techniques, sample size and sampling errors
- Measurement of fibre length, fineness, crimp
- measurement of cotton fiber maturity and trash content



- High volume fibre testing
- Measurement of yarn count, twist and hairiness
- Tensile testing of fibers, yarns and fabrics
- Evenness testing of slivers, rovings and yarns
- Classimat fault analysis
- > Testing equipment for measurement of fabric properties like thickness, compressibility, air permeability, wetting & wicking, drape, crease recovery, tear strength, bursting strength and abrasion resistance
- Instruments and systems for objective evaluation of fabric hand
- > Statistical analysis of experimental results, frequency distributions, correlation, significance tests, analysis of variance and control charts

Section F: Chemical Processing

- > Impurities in natural fibre
- Chemistry and practice of preparatory processes for cotton, wool and silk
- Mercerization of cotton
- Preparatory processes for manmade fibres and their blends
- Classification of dyes
- Dyeing of cotton, wool, silk, polyester, nylon and acrylic with appropriate dye classes
- Dyeing of polyester/cotton and polyester/wool blends
- Dyeing machines
- Dyeing of cotton knitted fabrics and machines used
- Dve fibre interaction
- Introduction to thermodynamics and kinetics of dyeing
- Methods for determination of wash, light and rubbing fastness
- > Styles of printing
- Printing thickeners including synthetic thickeners
- Printing auxiliaries
- Printing of cotton with reactive dyes, wool, silk, nylon with acid and metal complex dyes, Printing of polyester with disperse dyes
- Pigment printing
- Resist and discharge printing of cotton, silk and polyester
- > Transfer printing of polyester
- Inkjet printing
- Mechanical finishing of cotton
- Stiff, soft, wrinkle resistant, water repellent, flame retardant and enzyme (bio-polishing) finishing of cotton
- Milling, decatizing and shrink resistant finishing of wool; Antistatic and soil release finishing
- > Heat setting of synthetic fabrics
- Minimum application techniques



> Pollution control and treatment of effluents

